# AMENDED AND RESTATED BYLAWS OF THE DEMENTIA SOCIETY. INC.

#### ARTICLE I PRINCIPAL AND REGISTERED OFFICE

Section 1. Registered Office. The registered office of this Corporation shall be at 114 North Main Street, P.O. Box 600, Doylestown, PA 18901, or at such other location as determined by the Board of Directors.

Section 2. Other Offices. This Corporation may also have offices at such other places as the Board of Directors may from time to time appoint or the business of this Corporation may require.

#### ARTICLE II PURPOSES

Section 1. The corporation is organized exclusively for charitable, educational, and scientific purposes, including, for such purposes, the making of distributions to organizations that qualify or exempt organizations under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, or the corresponding section of any future federal tax code. The purpose of the Corporation includes the promotion of dementia awareness.

Section 2. No part of the net earnings of the corporation shall inure to the benefit of, or be distributable to its members, trustees, officers, or other private persons, except that the corporation shall be authorized and empowered to pay reasonable compensation for services rendered and to make payments and distributions in furtherance of the purposes set forth in Section 1 hereof. No substantial part of the activities of the corporation shall be the carrying on of propaganda, or otherwise attempting to influence legislation, and the corporation shall not participate in, or intervene in (including the publishing or distribution of statements) any political campaign on behalf of or in opposition to any candidate for public office. Notwithstanding any other provision of these articles, the corporation shall not carry on any other activities not permitted to be carried on (a) by a corporation exempt from federal income tax under section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, or the corresponding section of any future federal tax code, or (b) by a corporation, contributions to which are deductible under section 170(c)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, or the corresponding section of any future federal tax code.

Notwithstanding any other provision of these articles, this corporation shall not, except to an insubstantial degree, engage in any activities or exercise any powers that are not in furtherance of the purposes of this corporation.

Section 3. Upon the dissolution of the corporation, assets shall be distributed for one or more exempt purposes within the meaning of section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, or the corresponding section of any future federal tax code, or shall be distributed to the federal government, or to a state or local government, for a public purpose. Any such assets not so disposed of shall be disposed of by a Court of Competent Jurisdiction of the county in which the principal office of the corporation is then

located, exclusively for such purposes or to such organization or organizations, as said Court shall determine, which are organized and operated exclusively for such purposes.

#### ARTICLE III MEMBERSHIP

The Corporation shall have no members.

#### ARTICLE IV BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Section 1. <u>Powers</u>. There shall be a Board of Directors of the Corporation, which shall supervise and control the business, property, and affairs of the Corporation, except as otherwise expressly provided by law, the Articles of Incorporation of the Corporation, or these Bylaws.

Section 2. <u>Number and Qualifications</u>. The members of the initial Board of Directors of the Corporation shall be those individuals named in the Articles of Incorporation and shall serve until their successors are elected and qualified. Thereafter, the Board of Directors of the Corporation shall be composed of no less than 3 and no more than 9 individuals. The number of directors may be decreased, but no decrease shall have the effect of shortening the term of any incumbent director.

Section 3. <u>Election and Term of Office</u>. The members of the Board of Directors shall be elected by the directors at the annual meeting of the Board of Directors. Members of the Board of Directors shall serve for a term of one year.

Section 4. <u>Resignation</u>. Any director may resign at any time by giving written notice to the President of the Corporation. Such resignation shall take effect at the time specified therein, or, if no time is specified, at the time of acceptance thereof as determined by the President of the Corporation.

Section 5. <u>Removal</u>. Any director may be removed from such office, with or without cause, by a majority vote of the directors at any regular or special meeting of the Board called expressly for that purpose.

Section 6. <u>Vacancies</u>. Vacancies shall be filled by majority vote of the remaining members of the Board of Directors for the unexpired term.

Section 7. <u>Regular Meetings</u>. A regular annual meeting of the Board of Directors of the Corporation shall be held each year, at such time, day and place as shall be designated by the Board of Directors.

Section 8. Special Meetings. Special meetings of the Board of Directors may be called at the direction of the Chair or by a majority of the voting directors then in office, to be held at such time, day, and place as shall be designated in the notice of the meeting.

Section 9. <u>Notice</u>. Notice of the time, day, and place of any meeting of the Board of Directors shall be given at least 10 days previous to the meeting and in the manner set forth in Section 2 of Article VII. The purpose for which a special meeting is called shall be stated in the notice. Any director may waive notice of any meeting by a written statement executed either before or after

the meeting. Attendance and participation at a meeting without objection to notice shall also constitute a waiver of notice.

Section 10. Quorum. A majority of the directors then in office shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business at any meeting of the Board of Directors.

Section 11. <u>Interested Directors or Officers</u>. No contract or transaction between the Corporation and one or more of its Directors or officers, or between the Corporation and any other corporation, partnership, association, or other organization in which one or more of the Corporation's Directors or officers are directors or officers, or have a financial interest, shall be void or voidable solely for such reason, or solely because the Director or officer is present at or participates in the meeting of the Board which authorized the contract or transaction, or solely because his/her or their votes are counted for such purpose, if:

- (a) The material facts as to the relationship or interest and as to the contract or transaction are disclosed or are known to the Board and the Board in good faith authorized the contract or transaction by the affirmative votes of a majority of the disinterested Directors, even though the disinterested Directors are less than a quorum; and
- (b) The contract or transaction is fair as to the Corporation as of the time it is authorized, approved or ratified by the Board.

Interested Directors may be counted in determining the presence of a quorum at a meeting of the Board which authorizes a contract or transaction specified in this Section.

Section 12. <u>Manner of Acting</u>. Except as otherwise expressly required by law, the Articles of Incorporation of the Corporation, or these Bylaws, the affirmative vote of a majority of the directors present at any meeting at which a quorum is present shall be the act of the Board of Directors. Each director shall have one vote. Voting by proxy shall not be permitted.

Section 13. <u>Unanimous Written Consent In Lieu of a Meeting</u>. The Board may take action without a meeting if written consent to the action is signed by all of the directors.

Section 14. <u>Telephone Meeting</u>. Any one or more directors may participate in a meeting of the Board of Directors by means of a conference telephone or similar telecommunications device, which allows all persons participating in the meeting to hear each other. Participation by telephone shall be equivalent to presence in person at the meeting for purposes of determining if a quorum is present.

#### ARTICLE V OFFICERS

Section 1. Officers. The officers of the Corporation shall minimally consist of a Chair, a Secretary, and a Treasurer. The Corporation shall have such other assistant officers as the Board of Directors may deem necessary, and such officers shall have the authority prescribed by the Board. One person shall not hold two offices with the exception of Secretary-Treasurer, which may be filled by the same person.

Section 2. <u>Election of Officers</u>. The officers of the Corporation shall be elected by the directors at the annual meeting of the Board of Directors.

Section 3. <u>Term of Office</u>. The officers of the Corporation shall be installed at the annual meeting at which they are elected and shall hold office for one year until the next annual meeting or until their respective successors shall have been duly elected.

Section 4. <u>Resignation</u>. Any officer may resign at any time by giving written notice to the Chair of the Board. Such resignation shall take effect at the time specified in the notice, or if no time is specified, then immediately.

Section 5. <u>Removal</u>. Any officer may be removed from such office, with or without cause, by a majority vote of the directors at any regular or special meeting of the Board called expressly for that purpose.

Section 6. <u>Vacancies</u>. A vacancy in any office shall be filled by the Board of Directors for the unexpired term.

Section 7. <u>Chair</u>. The Chair shall give active direction and exercise oversight pertaining to all affairs of the Corporation. He or she may sign contracts or other instruments, which the Board of Directors has authorized to be executed, and shall perform all duties incident to the office of Chair as may be prescribed by the Board of Directors.

Section 8. <u>Secretary</u>. The Secretary shall keep the minutes of the meetings of the Board of Directors; see that all notices are duly given in accordance with the provisions of these Bylaws, ensure staff members keep corporate records; and in general perform all duties incident to the office of Secretary and such other duties as may be assigned by the Board of Directors.

Section 9. <u>Treasurer</u>. The Treasurer shall be responsible for and oversee all matters of the Corporation. The Treasurer shall ensure staff members properly receive and give receipts for moneys due and payable to the Corporation and deposit all such moneys in the name of the Corporation in appropriate banks, and in general perform ail the duties incident to the office of Treasurer and such other duties as from time to time may be assigned to him or her by the Board of Directors.

Section 10. <u>Bonding</u>. If requested by the Board of Directors, any person entrusted with the handling of funds or valuable property of the Corporation shall furnish, at the expense of the Corporation, a fidelity bond approved by the Board of Directors.

#### ARTICLE VI COMMITTEES

Section 1. <u>Committees of Directors</u>. The Board of Directors, by resolution adopted by a majority of the directors in office, may designate and appoint one or more committees, each consisting of two or more directors, which committees shall have and exercise the authority of the Board of Directors in the governance of the Corporation. However, no committee shall have the authority to amend or repeal these Bylaws, elect or remove any officer or director, adopt a plan of merger, or authorize the voluntary dissolution of the Corporation.

Section 2. <u>Executive Committee</u>. Between meetings of the Board of Directors, ongoing oversight of the affairs of the Corporation may be conducted by an Executive Committee, the membership of which shall be as set forth in a resolution of the Board.

Section 3. Other Committees and Task Forces. The Board of Directors may create and appoint members to such other committees and task forces as they shall deem appropriate. Such committees and task forces shall have the power and duties designated by the Board of Directors, and shall give advice and make non-binding recommendations to the Board.

Section 4. <u>Term of Office</u>. Each member of a committee shall serve for one year until the next annual meeting of the Board of Directors and until a successor is appointed, unless the committee is sooner dissolved.

Section 5. <u>Vacancies</u>. Vacancies in the membership of committees may be filled by the Chair of the Board.

Section 6. <u>Rules</u>. Each committee and task force may adopt rules for its meetings not inconsistent with these Bylaws or with any rules adopted by the Board of Directors.

## ARTICLE VII MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

Section 1. Fiscal Year. The fiscal year of the Corporation shall be the calendar year.

Section 2. <u>Notice</u>. Whenever under the provisions of these Bylaws notice is required to be given to a director, officer, or committee member, such notice shall be given in writing by first-class mail or overnight delivery service with postage prepaid to such person at his or her address as it appears on the records of the Corporation. Such notice shall be deemed to have been given when deposited in the mail or the delivery service. Notice may also be given by facsimile, electronic mail, or hand delivery, and will be deemed given when received.

### ARTICLE VIII INDEMNIFICATION

Section 1. <u>Indemnification in Third Party Proceedings</u>. The Corporation shall indemnify any person who was or is a party or is threatened to be made a party to any threatened, pending or completed action, suit or proceeding, whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative (other than an action by or in the right of the Corporation), by reason of the fact that such person is or was a Director or officer of the Corporation, or, while a Director or officer of the Corporation, is or was serving at the request of the

Corporation as a director, trustee or officer of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise, including an employee benefit plan, against expenses (including attorneys' fees), judgments, fines and amounts paid in settlement actually and reasonably believed to be in, or not opposed to, the best interests of the Corporation, and, with respect to any criminal action or proceeding, had no reasonable cause to believe his/her action was unlawful. The termination of any action, suit or proceeding by judgment, order, settlement, conviction, or upon a plea of nolo contendere or its equivalent, shall not of itself create a presumption that the person did not act in good faith and in a manner which he/she reasonably believed to be in, or not opposed to, the best interest of the Corporation and, with respect to any criminal action or proceeding, had reasonable cause to believe that his/her conduct was unlawful.

Section 2. Indemnification in Derivative Actions. The Corporation shall indemnify any person who was or is a party or is threatened to be made a party to any threatened, pending or completed action or suit by or in the right of the Corporation to procure a judgment in its favor by reason of the fact that he/she is or was a representative of the Corporation, or is or was serving at the request of the Corporation as a representative of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise against expenses (including attorneys' fees) actually and reasonably incurred in connection with the defense or settlement of such action or suit if he/she acted in good faith and in a manner he/she reasonable believed to be in, or not opposed to, the best interests of the Corporation and except that no indemnification shall be made in respect of any claim, issue or matter as to which such person shall have been adjudged to be liable for negligence or misconduct in the performance of his/her duty to the Corporation unless and only to the extent that the Court of Common Pleas of Bucks County or the court in which such action or suit was brought shall determine upon application that, despite the adjudication of liability but in view of all the circumstances of the case, such person is fairly and reasonably entitled to indemnity for such expenses which the Court of Common Pleas or such other court shall deem proper.

Section 3. <u>Mandatory Indemnification</u>. Notwithstanding any contrary provision of the Articles of Incorporation or these Bylaws, to the extent that a representative of the Corporation has been successful on the merits or otherwise in defense of any action, suit or proceeding referred to in either Section 1 or Section 2 above, he/she shall be indemnified against expenses (including attorneys' fees) actually and reasonable incurred by his/her in connection therewith.

Section 4. Advance of Expenses. Expenses (including attorney's fees and court costs) incurred by a Director or officer in defending any action, suit or proceeding may be paid by the Corporation in advance of the final disposition of such action, suit or proceeding upon receipt of an undertaking by or on behalf of the Director or officer to repay such amount if it shall ultimately be determined that such person is not entitled to be indemnified by the Corporation as authorized by this Article. Section 10 of Article IV (relating to Disinterested Directors) shall not be applicable to the advancement of expenses under this Section in accordance with Section 5745 of the Nonprofit Act.

Section 5. <u>Indemnification of Former Representatives</u>. Each such indemnity may continue as to a person who has ceased to be a representative of the Corporation and may inure to the benefit of the heirs, executors and administrators of such person.

Section 6. <u>Procedure for Determining Permissibility</u>. Unless ordered by a court, to determine whether any indemnification or advance of expenses under this Article VIII is permissible, the Board by a majority vote of a quorum consisting of Directors not parties to such action, suit or proceeding may, and on request of any person seeking indemnification or advance of expenses shall be required to, determine

in each case whether the applicable standards in any applicable statute have been met, or such determination shall be made by independent legal counsel if such quorum is not obtainable or, even if obtainable, if a majority vote of a quorum of disinterested Directors so directs. The reasonable expenses of any Director or officer in prosecuting a successful claim for indemnification, and the fees and expenses of any special legal counsel engaged to determine permissibility of indemnification or advance of expenses, shall be borne by the Corporation.

Section 7. <u>Modification or Repeal</u>. No modification or repeal of any provision of this Article VIII shall affect, to the detriment of the Director or officer, the obligation of the Corporation to indemnify or to advance expenses to a Director or officer in connection with a claim based on any act or failure to act occurring before such modification or repeal.

Section 8. <u>Indemnification Not Exclusive: Inuring of Benefit</u>. The indemnification and advancement of expenses provided by this Article VIII shall not be deemed exclusive of any other right to which one indemnified may be entitled under any agreement, vote of Directors or otherwise, both as to action in such person's official capacity and as to action in another capacity while holding such office, and shall inure to the benefit of the heirs, executors and administrators of any such person.

Section 9. <u>Insurance</u>, <u>Security and Other Indemnification</u>, The Board shall have the power to (i) authorize the Corporation to purchase and maintain, at the Corporation's expense, insurance on behalf of the Corporation and any person who is or was a Director, officer, employee or agent of the Corporation or is or was serving at the request of the Corporation as a director, trustee, officer or employee or agent of another profit or non-profit corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise against any liability asserted against such person and incurred by such person in any capacity or arising out of such person's status as such, to the extent that power to do so has not been prohibited by applicable law, (ii) create any fund of any nature, whether or not under the control of a trustee, or otherwise secure any of its indemnification obligations and (iii) give other indemnification to the extent not prohibited by statute.

Section 10. <u>Reliance on Provisions</u>. Each person who shall act as an authorized representative of the Corporation shall be deemed to be doing so in reliance upon the rights of indemnification provided by this Article provided, however, that this Article shall not affect the liability of a representative with respect to the administration of the Corporation's assets pursuant to Section 5547 of the Nonprofit Act (relating to authority to take and hold trust property).

#### Section 11. <u>Duties; Limitation of Liability</u>.

- (a) A Director of this Corporation shall stand in a fiduciary relation to this Corporation, and shall perform the duties of a Director, including the duties of a member of any committee of the Board upon which he/she may serve, in good faith and in a manner believed to be in the best interests of this Corporation, and with such care, including reasonable inquiry, skill and diligence, as a person of ordinary prudence would use under similar circumstances. In performing his/her duties, a Director shall be entitled to rely in good faith on information, opinions, reports or statements, including financial statements and other financial data, in each case prepared as presented by any of the following:
  - (i) One or more officers or employees of this Corporation whom the Director reasonably believes to be reliable and competent in matters presented.

- (ii) Counsel, public accountants or other persons as to matters which the Director reasonably believes to be within the professional or expert competence of such persons.
- (iii) A committee of the Board upon which a Director does not serve, duly designated in accordance with law, as to matters within its designated authority, which committee the Director reasonably believes to merit confidence.
- (b) A Director shall not be considered to be acting in good faith if the Director has knowledge concerning the matter in question that would cause his/her reliance to be unwarranted.
- (c) In discharging the duties of their respective positions, the Board, committees of the Board and individual Directors may, in considering the best interests of this Corporation, consider the effects of any action upon employees, upon suppliers and customers of this Corporation and upon communities in which offices or other establishments of this Corporation are located, and all other pertinent factors. The consideration of these factors shall not constitute a violation of Section 11(a) hereof.
- (d) Absent breach of fiduciary duty, lack of good faith or self-dealing, actions taken as a Director or any failure to take any action shall be presumed to be in the best interests of this Corporation.
- (e) A Director of this Corporation shall not be personally liable for monetary damages as such, for any action taken or any failure to take action, unless the Director has breached or failed to perform the duties of office under Section 11(a) or the standards set forth in Subchapter B of Chapter 57 of Title 15 of the Act; and the breach or failure to perform constitutes self-dealing, willful misconduct or recklessness.
- (f) The provisions of Section 11 hereof, shall not apply to the responsibility or liability of a Director pursuant to any criminal statute; or the liability of a Director for the payment of taxes, pursuant to local, state, or federal law.
- (g) An officer of the Corporation shall not be personally liable to the Corporation for monetary damages including, without limitation, any judgment, amount paid in settlement, penalty, punitive damages or expenses of any nature (including, without limitation, attorneys' fees and disbursements) for any action taken, or any failure to take any action, unless (i) the officer has breached or failed to perform the duties of his/her office under these Bylaws or applicable provisions of law and (ii) the breach or failure to perform constitutes self-dealing, willful misconduct or recklessness.

EXCEPTION: The provisions of this Section shall not apply to:

- A. The responsibility or liability of an officer pursuant to any criminal statute; or
- B. The liability of an officer for the payment of taxes pursuant to local, state or Federal law.

## ARTICLE IX AMENDMENTS TO BYLAWS

These Bylaws may be amended or new Bylaws adopted upon the affirmative vote of two-thirds at any regular or special meeting of the Board. The notice of the meeting shall set forth a summary of the proposed amendments.

#### **CERTIFICATION**

	I,	the	undersigned	l, being	the	duly	elected	Secretary	of	Dementia	Society,	Inc.,	a
Pennsy	/lva	ınia	non-profit co	orporatio	n, ce	ertify	that the	foregoing	are	the Amend	ded and	Restate	d
Bylaws of the Corporation adopted at a duly noticed and called meeting on November 28, 2016, in													
Doyles	stov	vn, P	A at which a	quorum	was	prese	nt.			_			

Date: 62/03/17

Eric Hopkin, Secretary